FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Supervisors Township of Franconia Franconia Township, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discreetly presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Franconia as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Franconia, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and open space fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other-Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, and the historical trend information on pages 57 through 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Franconia's, Pennsylvania, basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Bee, Bergvall and Company, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Bee Bergerall & Co.

Warrington, PA October 16, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the Township of Franconia's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements that begin on page 13.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2019 by \$19,894,720 as outlined in the Statement of Net Position. Of this amount, \$12,883,935 represents the Township's net investment in capital assets, while \$7,291,455 represents amounts which are restricted or assigned for open space, fire protection, highway, library, capital project, and park and recreation purposes. The Township's unrestricted net position deficit as of December 31, 2019 totaled \$280,670.
- The results of the Township's operations for the year ending December 31, 2019 as outlined in the Statement of Activities produced a positive change in net position of \$2,211,655.
- As of the close of the current calendar year, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,583,638 as outlined in the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds. Of this amount, \$7,289,918 represents amounts which are restricted or assigned as outlined above, while the total governmental funds unassigned fund balance position as of December 31, 2019 totaled \$1,293,720.
- The net positive change in the governmental funds' fund balance for the year ending December 31, 2019 as outlined in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds was \$1,563,304.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Report Components

This annual report consists of five parts as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities (on pages 13 - 15) provide information about the activities of the Township government-wide (or "as a whole") and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances.

Report Components (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Township of Franconia itself (known as the Primary Government), but also the legally separate entity which is financially accountable to the Township (known as the component unit). The component unit is the Franconia Sewer Authority. Information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the Township itself.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements focus separately on major Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds. Governmental Funds statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The Township's major Governmental Funds are presented in their own columns, and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Other Governmental Funds". Statements for the Township's Fiduciary Funds follow the Governmental Funds and include net position, additions, deductions, and changes in net position. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Required Supplementary Information: This management's discussion and analysis (pages 5-12) and the schedules of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios and schedules of contributions for both the police and non-uniform pension plans (pages 57-60) represent financial information required by GASB to be presented. Such information provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

Other Information: The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules (pages 61 - 66) present additional financial information which is not required by GASB to be presented, but is designed to provide the reader with additional data that supplements the basic financial statements.

REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

The Township's Reporting Entity Presentation

This annual report includes all activities for which the Franconia Township Board of Supervisors is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the Township's reporting entity, are operated within separate entities that make up the primary government.

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our financial analysis of the Township as a whole begins on page 13. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 13 - 15. One of the most important questions asked about the Township's finances is, "Is the Township as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Township as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the Township's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the accrual basis of accounting.

These two statements report the Township's net position and changes in it. You can think of the Township's net position - the difference between assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows - as one way to measure the Township's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Township's tax base and the condition of the Township's roads, to assess the overall health of the Township.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The net position of both the Township and its discretely presented component unit as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, are presented below:

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11.622.1		Governn Activi		•	Presented ent Units		
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
Current and other assets	\$	10,252,141	\$ 8,409,418	\$ 2,091,828	\$ 1,735,925		
Other non current assets		-	-	72,575	196,819		
Capital assets		18,876,272	18,524,937	30,773,089	30,872,279		
Total Assets	_	29,128,413	26,934,355	32,937,492	32,805,023		
Deferred outflows		195,527	754,851	344,366	386,126		
Long term liabilities		7,641,507	8,278,596	13,092,524	13,325,622		
Other liabilities		1,354,978	1,044,846	1,339,863	936,270		
Total Liabilities	_	8,996,485	9,323,442	14,432,387	14,261,892		
Deferred inflows	_	432,735	682,699				
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		12,883,935	12,017,746	16,934,465	17,018,486		
Restricted/Assigned		7,291,455	6,522,303	-	99,205		
Unrestricted		(280,670)	(856,984)	1,915,006	1,811,566		
Total Net Position	\$	19,894,720	\$17,683,065	\$18,849,471	\$18,929,257		

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report a positive balance in the category of net position for the government as a whole. However, the Township continues to report a net position deficit in the unrestricted category. This figure did improve by \$576,314 as a result of 2019's operations and stood at \$280,670 as of December 31, 2019. Increases in the levels of net position restricted for open space maintenance, tree projects, park and recreation projects, and projects funded by Act 209 assessments were the most significant contributors to the \$769,152 increase in the restricted/assigned net position category, while the Township's net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt increased primarily as a result of capital acquisitions exceeding 2019 depreciation and payments made on the Township's outstanding debt issues during 2019. The Township's overall cash position increased by \$1,341,666 during 2019, while total liabilities decreased by \$326,957, primarily as a result of decreases in the levels of the Township's net pension liabilities and payments made on the Township's debt issues exceeding a \$309,632 increase in developers' escrow liabilities.

Changes in Net Position

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, net position of both the Township and its discretely presented component unit changed as presented below:

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I ADLE 2				D' 1 D 1				
		Governr		Discreetly Presented				
		Activi	ties	Compon	ent Units			
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
REVENUES								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	1,128,655	\$ 1,006,250	\$ 2,988,393	\$ 2,867,274			
Operating grants and contributions		1,171,251	874,190	-	-			
Capital grants and contributions		116,150	2,100	689,067	508,681			
General Revenues:								
Property taxes		1,666,575	1,613,338	-	-			
Transfer tax		391,055	350,431	-	-			
Earned income tax		3,440,627	3,239,617	-	-			
Other taxes		410,590	400,207	-	-			
Investment income (loss)		160,212	109,084	9,223	8,179			
Other		324,893	298,745	10,800	9,450			
Total Revenues		8,810,008	7,893,962	3,697,483	3,393,584			
EXPENSES								
Administration		1,352,043	842,519	-	-			
Permits and licenses		169,677	158,253	-	-			
Police and emergency service		2,315,756	2,300,985	-	-			
Public works		1,636,033	1,631,990	-	-			
Library		274,194	272,686	-	-			
Parks and recreation		61,844	59,508	-	-			
Depreciation		257,874	242,156	-	-			
Debt service		169,484	182,982	-	-			
Sewer	_	361,448	355,568	3,777,269	3,660,170			
Total Expenses	_	6,598,353	6,046,647	3,777,269	3,660,170			
Change in Net Position		2,211,655	1,847,315	(79,786)	(266,586)			
Net Position - Beginning		17,683,065	15,835,750	18,929,257	19,195,843			
Net Position - Ending	\$	19,894,720	\$17,683,065	\$18,849,471	\$18,929,257			

<u>Changes in Net Position</u> (Continued)

Revenues from real estate, earned income, and real estate transfer taxes increased somewhat, primarily as a result of continued housing and population growth, a strengthening economy, and a slight (2.9%) increase in the real estate tax millage. Operating and capital grants and contribution revenue were up by \$411,111 primarily as a result of increases in amounts received for Act 209 impact fees and fee-in-lieu contributions for tree plantings and park and recreation projects, while revenues from charges and services was up by \$122,405, primarily as a result of an increase in collected permit fees. Total governmental expenses increased by \$551,706 in 2019 primarily as a result of an increase in pension expense resulting from changes made to the Township's non-uniform plan in 2019 and increased engineering expense.

Governmental Activities

To aid in understanding the statement of activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance. You will notice that expenses are listed first, followed by program revenues and then general revenues. The result is a net (expense)/revenue presentation. This type of format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Township's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fee and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund had an excess of revenues over expenditures in 2019 of \$791,948 and an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$554,522 for 2018. In 2019, an operating surplus of \$42,941 was anticipated; however, actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$665,854, while actual expenses and transfers, excluding the impact of the refinance of the general fund bonds done in 2019, were more than budgeted expenses by \$83,153. In 2018, an operating surplus of \$109,824 was anticipated; however, actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$341,138, and actual expenses and transfers were less than budgeted expenses and transfers by \$103,560.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2019 totaled \$18,876,272 (net of accumulated depreciation), while its discretely presented component unit's investment in capital assets as of that date totaled \$30,773,089. Capital asset values are summarized in the following table:

Table 3		
	Balance	Balance
Governmental Activities	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Non-Depreciable Assets		
Land	\$ 8,660,301	\$ 8,660,301
Developmental rights	5,842,222	5,733,772
Other Capital Assets		
Building and improvements	1,651,869	1,474,391
Equipment and vehicles	452,240	315,855
Infrastructure	 2,269,640	 2,340,618
	\$ 18,876,272	\$ 18,524,937
Component Units		
Non-Depreciable Assets		
Land	\$ 354,261	\$ 652,012
Construction in progress	1,434,904	907,276
Other Capital Assets		
Sewer system and equipment	 28,983,924	 29,312,991

Additional information on the Township's and component unit's capital assets can be found in Note III C on pages 39-40 of this report.

\$ 30,773,089

\$ 30,872,279

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township had outstanding long-term liabilities totaling \$7,641,507, while its discretely presented component unit had outstanding long-term liabilities totaling \$13,838,624.

Long-term liabilities are summarized in the following table:

Table 4			
	Balance		Balance
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Governmental Activities			
Bonds and notes payable	\$	5,917,928	\$ 6,507,191
Capital leases		74,409	-
Compensated absences		78,575	61,801
Net pension liability		1,570,595	 1,709,604
	\$	7,641,507	\$ 8,278,596
Component Unit			
Bonds and notes payable	\$	13,838,624	\$ 13,853,793

Additional information on the Township's and component unit's long-term liabilities can be found in Note III F on pages 42-45 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Township of Franconia is an integral part of the Indian Valley, situated in northern Montgomery County, PA. The Township has one of the lowest real estate tax rates in the county, and based on FBI crime statistics, is consistently ranked as one of the safest communities in Pennsylvania.

Franconia Township is seeing a spurt of new residential development throughout the township, with active construction occurring, and new residents moving into Franconia Township. With residential mortgage rates low, we anticipate the interest in residential development will remain strong. There are numerous residential subdivisions in the planning process, each of which will add increased permit fees, transfer taxes, earned income taxes and real estate taxes for the township. We anticipate new construction, both residential and commercial, to continue for the foreseeable future.

New building permits, both residential and commercial, continue to be strong, as well as earned income taxes and other revenue streams. Although there remains economic uncertainty with the COVID-19 global pandemic, Franconia Township is well positioned with its diverse revenue streams, low debt levels, and low operating expenses. Franconia Township has become a very desirable community to live in based upon its low tax rate, low crime rate, and excellent school system.

The Township's real estate tax rate is expected to remain stable for 2021 and beyond. The Township has done an outstanding job with managing internal staffing, while continuing to offer quality services to its residents. By keeping personnel costs low as compared to similar like-sized communities, Franconia Township should be able to continue to offer an extremely low tax rate for both businesses and residents alike.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

				Discretely Presented
	Primary	y Government		ponent Unit
		vernmental		ranconia
	A	ctivities	Sewe	er Authority
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,613,950	\$	1,233,843
Receivables		1,327,820		927,076
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,252,743		3,484
Prepaid expenses		57,628		-
Land		8,768,751		354,261
Construction in progress		-		1,434,904
Participation rights		-		1,532,350
Other capital assets (net of		10 107 521		27 451 574
accumulated depreciation)		10,107,521		27,451,574
Total Assets		29,128,413		32,937,492
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding		-		344,366
Police Pension related		69,479		-
Non-Uniformed Pension related		126,048		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		195,527		344,366
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		102,235		589,316
Accrued interest payable		-		963
Developer's escrows payable		1,252,743		3,484
Non-current liabilities:				
Due within one year		618,928		746,100
Due after one year		7,022,579		13,092,524
Total Liabilities		8,996,485		14,432,387
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Police Pension related		268,586		-
Non- Uniformed Pension related		164,149		
Total Deferred Inflows		432,735		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		12,883,935		16,934,465
Restricted				
Fire		4,839		-
Highways		1,368,475		-
Library		2,777		-
Open space Sewer		5,122,322		-
Park and recreation		44,491		-
Recycling		92,603		-
Assigned				
Capital		655,948		-
Unrestricted		(280,670)		1,915,006
Total Net Position	\$	19,894,720	\$	18,849,471

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Governmental Activities							
	G	Total Primary overnment		Total	Ac	lministrative		Permits &		Police and Emergency Services
Expenses:										
Program expenses	\$	6,170,995	\$	6,170,995	\$	1,352,043	\$	169,677	\$	2,315,756
Depreciation		257,874		257,874		31,698		336		86,070
Interest expense		169,484		169,484		169,484			_	
Total Expenses		6,598,353		6,598,353		1,553,225		170,013	_	2,401,826
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services		1,128,655		1,128,655		49,860		544,030		22,120
Operating grants and contributions		1,171,251		1,171,251		88,142		-		209,118
Capital grants and contributions		116,150		116,150					_	-
Total Program Revenues		2,416,056		2,416,056		138,002		544,030		231,238
Net (Expense) Revenue		(4,182,297)		(4,182,297)		(1,415,223)		374,017		(2,170,588)
General Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property		1,666,575		1,666,575						
Transfer tax		391,055		391,055						
Earned income tax		3,440,627		3,440,627						
Other taxes		410,590		410,590						
Investment earnings		160,212		160,212						
Gain on sale of capital assets		34,154		34,154						
Miscellaneous		290,739		290,739						
Total General Revenues		6,393,952		6,393,952						
Change in Net Position		2,211,655		2,211,655						
Net Position - Beginning		17,683,065		17,683,065						
Net Position - Ending	\$	19,894,720	\$	19,894,720						

		Governme	ental Ac	etivities	<u>C</u>	Presented omponent Unit	
Public Works		Library		Sewer	Park & Recreation	Fran	nconia Township Sewer
\$	1,636,033 119,315 - 1,755,348	\$ 274,1		361,448 - - 361,448	\$ 61,844 20,455 - 82,299	; - <u>-</u>	2,399,259 881,873 496,137 3,777,269
_	475,379 873,991 - 1,349,370	-		37,266 - - - 37,266	116,150		2,988,393 - 689,067 3,677,460
	(405,978)	(274,1	94)	(324,182)	33,851		(99,809)
							9,223 - 10,800 20,023
							(79,786) 18,929,257
						\$	18,849,471

Discretely

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2019

		General		Open Space	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	Φ	1 00 4 505	Φ	2 422 402	Φ	2 27 6 0 4 1	Φ.	7.612.050
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	1,804,507	\$	3,433,402	\$	2,376,041	\$	7,613,950
Receivables		787,800		222,433		10,454		1,020,687
Restricted:		707,000		222,433		10,434		1,020,007
Cash and cash equivalents		1,252,743		_		_		1,252,743
Due from other funds		450		1,001,809		267,641		1,269,900
Prepaid expenses		57,628		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		57,628
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,903,128	\$	4,657,644	\$	2,654,136	\$	11,214,908
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$	97,033	\$	_	\$	5,202	\$	102,235
Due to other funds	-	1,256,809	_	13,091	-	-	-	1,269,900
Developers' escrows		1,252,743		13,071		_		1,252,743
Total Liabilities	_	2,606,585		13,091		5,202		2,624,878
Total Liabilities	_	2,000,363	_	13,071		3,202	_	2,024,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,757		_		1,635		6,392
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,757				1,635		6,392
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Highway and streets		-		=		1,368,475		1,368,475
Fire		-		<u>-</u>		4,359		4,359
Open space		-		4,644,553		477,769		5,122,322
Library Recycling		-		-		1,720 92,603		1,720 92,603
Park and recreation		-		-		92,603 44,491		92,603 44,491
Assigned for:		-		-		44,491		44,471
Capital projects		_		_		655,948		655,948
Unassigned		1,291,786		_		1,934		1,293,720
Total Fund Balances		1,291,786	_	4,644,553		2,647,299		8,583,638
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								<u> </u>
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,903,128	\$	4,657,644	\$	2,654,136	\$	11,214,908

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 8,583,638
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are reported in the funds.		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 23,188,450	
Accumulated depreciation	(4,312,178)	18,876,272
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing,		
some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures.		
Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenues		
in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance.		
Real estate tax receivable	6,392	
Earned income tax receivable	307,133	313,525
Deferred inflows and outflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Change in pension assumptions	129,426	
Net difference between projected and actual	,	
earnings on pension plan investments	(99,973)	
Differences between expected and actual	, ,	
experience on pension plan liability	(266,661)	(237,208)
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable	(5,917,928)	
Compensated absences	(78,575)	
Capital leases	(74,409)	
Pension liability	(1,570,595)	
		(7,641,507)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 19,894,720

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General		Open Space	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes:							
Property	\$ 1,246,219	\$	-	\$	419,836	\$	1,666,055
Transfer	391,055		_		-		391,055
Earned income	2,350,793		844,538		276,507		3,471,838
Local service	410,590		-		-		410,590
Other	8,422		_		_		8,422
Fees, licenses and permits	242,685		_		_		242,685
Investment income and rent	92,071		70,554		45,437		208,062
Intergovernmental revenues	252,125		-		580,551		832,676
Fines and forfeitures	22,120		_		-		22,120
Program revenues	1,069,551		_		_		1,069,551
Other	7,232		_		476,281		483,513
Total Revenues	 		915,092		1,798,612		
Total Revenues	 6,092,863		913,092		1,798,012	_	8,806,567
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	929,483		11,082		37,622		978,187
Public safety	2,429,585		-		343,559		2,773,144
Sewer	361,448		_		-		361,448
Highways and roads	1,229,791		-		564,537		1,794,328
Library	-		-		274,194		274,194
Culture and recreation	24,823		342,036		51,959		418,818
Miscellaneous	16,520		_		_		16,520
Debt service:							,
Principal	1,921,334		455,000		40,226		2,416,560
Interest	49,085		95,865		-		144,950
Total Expenditures	 6,962,069		903,983		1,312,097		9,178,149
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(0.50.00.5)		44.400		10 - 51 -		(251 502)
Over Expenditures	 (869,206)	_	11,109		486,515		(371,582)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Debt proceeds	1,800,000		-		100,732		1,900,732
Sale of capital assets	34,154		-		-		34,154
Transfers in	-		-		173,000		173,000
Transfers out	 (173,000)		_				(173,000)
Total Other Financing	 						
Sources (Uses)	 1,661,154		-		273,732		1,934,886
Net Change in Fund Balances	791,948		11,109		760,247		1,563,304
Fund Balance - Beginning	 499,838		4,633,444		1,887,052		7,020,334
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,291,786	\$	4,644,553	\$	2,647,299	\$	8,583,638

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (30,71) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 1,563,304
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense (257,874) 351,33 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (30,71) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 Issuance of new debt 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Capital outlay Depreciation expense 351,33 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (30,71) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 Issuance of new debt 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
Depreciation expense (257,874) 351,33 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (30,71) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 Issuance of new debt (1,900,732) 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351)	Capital outlay	\$ 609,209	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (30,71) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	Depreciation expense	(257,874)	
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (30,71) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 Issuance of new debt 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351)			351,335
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt Q1,900,732 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351)	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt 2,415,586 Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 (1,900,732) 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351)	financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(30,713)
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt Issuance of new debt Issuance of new debt Issuance of new debt Issuance of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences In the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences In the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (16,774) Pension expense In the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (16,774) Pension expense	The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial		
funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt (1,900,732) 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351)	resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Compensated absences Pension expense (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental		
and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also,		
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts,		
net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 Issuance of new debt (1,900,732) 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351)	and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are		
related items. Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 (1,900,732) 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the		
Repayment of debt Issuance of new debt 2,415,586 (1,900,732) 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and		
Issuance of new debt (1,900,732) 514,85 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351) (187,12	related items.		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense (16,774) Pension expense (187,12)	Repayment of debt	2,415,586	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351)	Issuance of new debt	(1,900,732)	
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351) (187,12			514,854
in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense (16,774) (170,351) (187,12)	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use		
Compensated absences (16,774) Pension expense (170,351) (187,12)	of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
Pension expense (170,351) (187,12	in governmental funds.		
(187,12	Compensated absences	(16,774)	
	Pension expense	(170,351)	
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 2,211,65			 (187,125)
	Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,211,655

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Budgeted Joriginal Joriginal Final Variance with Final Budget Revenues Transfer 291,500 291,500 391,055 99,555 Earned income 2,112,500 2,112,500 2,350,793 28,293 Local service 382,500 382,500 410,590 28,090 Other 2 260,300 242,685 17,615 Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 260,000 26,000 22,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 260,000 26,000 22,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 865,445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 24,185 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,63 5,461,63 62,701 655,884 Public safety 2,468,905 2,469,805 2,429,585 39,320		GENERAL FUND							
Revenues Final part (a) Revenues Property \$1,243,000 \$1,243,000 \$1,246,219 \$3,219 Transfer 291,500 291,500 391,055 99,555 Earned income 2,112,500 2,112,500 235,0793 288,293 Local service 382,500 382,500 410,590 28,000 Other - - - 20 22 22 Fees, licenses and permits 64,305 64,305 9,071 27,766 117,616 Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 117,616 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 13,800 12,120 3,880 12,125 13,800 12,120 3,880 12,120 3,880 12,125 13,800 12,125 13,000 12,120 3,880 12,120 3,880 12,120 13,880 14,386 40,886 12,120 3,880 12,120 12,120 12,120 12,120 12,120 </th <th></th> <th colspan="3">Budgeted Amounts</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Var</th> <th>riance with</th>		Budgeted Amounts					Var	riance with	
Taxes							ACTUAL	Fin	nal Budget
Property \$ 1,243,000 \$ 1,243,000 \$ 1,246,219 \$ 3,219 Transfer 291,500 291,500 391,055 99,555 Earned income 2,112,500 2,312,500 2,350,793 238,293 Local service 382,500 382,500 410,590 28,090 Other - - 2 2 22 Fees, licenses and permits 260,300 260,300 242,685 (17,615) 110,715 127,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 260,000 260,000 22,120 3,880) 200 20,000 22,120 3,880) 20 20,000 22,120 3,880) 20 3,800 20,000 22,120 3,880) 20 3,800 20,000 22,120 3,880) 3,012 3,000 3,800 2,125 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 <t< th=""><th>Revenues</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Revenues								
Transfer 291,500 291,500 391,055 99,555 Earned income 2,112,500 2,112,500 2,350,793 238,293 Local service 382,500 382,500 410,590 28,090 Other - - - 22 22 Fees, licenses and permits 260,300 260,300 242,685 (17,615) Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 26,000 26,000 22,120 (3,880) Program revenues 865,445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures 22 248,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways a	Taxes								
Earned income 2,112,500 2,112,500 2,350,793 238,293 Local service 382,500 382,500 410,590 28,090 Other - - - 22 22 Fees, licenses and permits 260,300 260,300 242,685 (17,615) Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 26,000 26,000 22,120 (3,880) Program revenues 865,445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current 889,820 89,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 <td>Property</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,243,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,243,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,246,219</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,219</td>	Property	\$	1,243,000	\$	1,243,000	\$	1,246,219	\$	3,219
Local service Other 382,500 Other 382,500 Other 410,590 Other 28,090 Other Fees, licenses and permits 260,300 260,300 242,685 (17,615) Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 26,000 26,000 22,120 (3,880) Program revenues 26,5445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current 665,854 S89,820 92,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 1,800,000 (173,000) (173,000) (173,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,800,000 (173,000) (173,000) (173,000) (190,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,800,000 (173,000) (173,000) (173,000) (173,000) (17	Transfer		291,500		291,500		391,055		99,555
Other 2 22 22 Fees, licenses and permits 260,300 260,300 242,685 (17,615) Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 26,000 26,000 22,120 (3,880) Program revenues 865,445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current 669,854 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current 889,820 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800	Earned income		2,112,500		2,112,500		2,350,793		238,293
Fees, licenses and permits 260,300 260,300 242,685 (17,615) Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 26,000 26,000 22,120 (3,880) Program revenues 865,445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current Current 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499	Local service		382,500		382,500		410,590		28,090
Investment income and rent 64,305 64,305 92,071 27,766 Intergovernmental revenues 215,113 215,113 252,125 37,012 Fines and forfeitures 26,000 26,000 22,120 (3,880) Program revenues 865,445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current General government 889,820 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) C73,000 C73,000 (173,000 1,800,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) C73,000 C73,000 1,627,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007	Other		-		-		22		22
Intergovernmental revenues	Fees, licenses and permits		260,300		260,300		242,685		(17,615)
Fines and forfeitures 26,000 26,000 22,120 (3,880) Program revenues 865,445 865,445 1,077,951 212,506 Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current General government 889,820 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,469,955 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000)	Investment income and rent		64,305		64,305		92,071		27,766
Program revenues Other 865,445 500 865,445 500 1,077,951 41,386 40,886 40,886 Total Revenues 5,00 500 41,386 40,886 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current General government 889,820 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000)	Intergovernmental revenues		215,113		215,113		252,125		37,012
Other 500 500 41,386 40,886 Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Tansfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,00	Fines and forfeitures		26,000		26,000		22,120		(3,880)
Total Revenues 5,461,163 5,461,163 6,127,017 665,854 Expenditures Current 889,820 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances <	Program revenues		865,445		865,445		1,077,951		212,506
Expenditures Current General government 889,820 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt proceeds 1,800,000 (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007	Other		500		500		41,386		40,886
Current Seps 20 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Total Revenues	_	5,461,163	_	5,461,163	_	6,127,017		665,854
Current Seps 20 889,820 929,483 39,663 Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Expenditures								
Public safety 2,468,905 2,468,905 2,429,585 (39,320) Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Current								
Sewer 366,721 366,721 361,448 (5,273) Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	General government		889,820		889,820		929,483		39,663
Highways and roads 1,328,536 1,328,536 1,229,791 (98,745) Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Public safety		2,468,905		2,468,905		2,429,585		(39,320)
Culture and recreation 31,800 31,800 24,823 (6,977) Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Sewer		366,721		366,721		361,448		(5,273)
Debt service 259,440 259,440 1,986,939 1,727,499 Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt proceeds Transfers out (73,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) Total Other Financing S	Highways and roads		1,328,536		1,328,536		1,229,791		(98,745)
Total Expenditures 5,345,222 5,345,222 6,962,069 1,616,847 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt proceeds Transfers out - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Culture and recreation		31,800		31,800		24,823		(6,977)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt proceeds Transfers out (73,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 499,838	Debt service		259,440		259,440		1,986,939		1,727,499
Over Expenditures 115,941 115,941 (835,052) (950,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Debt proceeds - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Total Expenditures		5,345,222	_	5,345,222		6,962,069		1,616,847
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt proceeds Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 Change in Fund Balances (73,000) (73,00	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Debt proceeds - - 1,800,000 1,800,000 Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Over Expenditures		115,941		115,941		(835,052)		(950,993)
Transfers out (73,000) (73,000) (173,000) 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (73,000) (73,000) 1,627,000 1,900,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Debt proceeds		-		-		1,800,000		1,800,000
Net Change in Fund Balances 42,941 42,941 791,948 949,007 Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Transfers out		(73,000)		(73,000)		(173,000)		100,000
Fund Balance - Beginning (42,941) (42,941) 499,838	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(73,000)	_	(73,000)		1,627,000		1,900,000
	Net Change in Fund Balances		42,941		42,941		791,948		949,007
Fund Balance - Ending \$ - \$ - \$ 1,291,786	Fund Balance - Beginning		(42,941)		(42,941)		499,838		
	Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$		\$	1,291,786		

OPEN SPACE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Open Sp	ace]	Fund		
	Budgeted	l Am	ounts				riance with nal Budget
	 Original		Final	<u>.</u>	ACTUAL	Ov	ver (under)
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	844,538	\$	(155,462)
Interest	 20,000		20,000		70,554		50,554
Total Revenues	1,020,000		1,020,000		915,092		(104,908)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	11,750		11,750		11,082		(668)
Culture and recreation	_		-		342,036		342,036
Debt Service	 558,195		558,195	_	550,865		(7,330)
Total Expenditures	 569,945		569,945	_	903,983		334,038
Net Change in Fund Balances	 450,055		450,055		11,109		(438,946)
Fund Balance - Beginning	 4,633,444		4,633,444		4,633,444		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,083,499	\$	5,083,499	\$	4,644,553		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2019

	Pension Trust	
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	189,652
Investments, at fair value		
Mutual funds-equities		5,183,809
U.S. Government sponsored enterprises		601,875
Corporate bonds and notes		1,121,720
Certificates of deposits		647,949
Mutual funds-fixed income		1,554,891
Receivable		4,355
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,304,251
NET POSITION		
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	9,304,251

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION}}{\text{FIDUCIARY FUNDS}}$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Pe	ension Trust
Additions		
Contributions		
Member contributions	\$	59,419
Municipal contributions		261,752
State contributions		184,338
Total Contributions		505,509
Investment Income		
Net appreciation (depreciation)		
in fair value of investments		1,007,655
Interest and dividends		256,044
Total Investment Income		1,263,699
Less: investment expense		(42,629)
Net Investment Income		1,221,070
Total Additions		1,726,579
Deductions		
Benefits		312,570
Total Deductions		319,570
Change in Net Position		1,407,009
Net Position Restricted for Pension benefits		
Beginning of Year		7,897,241
End of Year	\$	9,304,250

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting entity

The Board of Supervisors ("the Board") is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to municipal functions in the Township. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) since Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and have primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The Township follows the criteria promulgated by GASB for purposes of determining the scope of its reporting entity. As required by the Accounting Standards Board, the basic financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Township of Franconia (the "Primary Government") and its component unit, the Franconia Sewer Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority is considered a component unit of the Township as its governing board is appointed by the Township, the Township guarantees much of its debt and its activities are considered significant in determining the reporting entity. The financial statements of the component unit have been included in the financial reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit. Accordingly, the component unit columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the Authority in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Township. Complete financial statements for the individual component unit may be obtained at the Township's administrative offices.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fiduciary fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the Township's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's proprietary functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds area aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide statements report using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Fiduciary fund financial statements also report using the same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements and any agency funds reported have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Property tax revenues, net of any uncollectible amounts, are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Property taxes levied but collected beyond 60 days after year-end are recorded as deferred revenue to be recognized as revenue when the taxes are collected. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The following is a description of the fund types used by the Township in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Open Space Fund* - The Open Space Fund is used to account for the revenue from Earned Income Tax specified for the acquisition of open space, including development rights.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee or agent capacity for individuals and/or other funds.

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for resources required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Township's defined benefit pension plans - the Police Pension Fund and the Non-Uniform Pension Fund.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: property taxes, earned income taxes, interest earnings, special assessments, levies, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, there are essentially two types of revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Township; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures incurred. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Component Unit - Franconia Sewer Authority

The Franconia Sewer Authority ("Authority") was incorporated under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, as amended and supplemented, pursuant to a resolution passed by the Supervisors of the Board of Township Supervisors of the Township of Franconia, Pennsylvania.

Basis of Accounting - The Authority follows the accounting and financial reporting standards in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units.

As a single function special purpose government, the Authority's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

With the exception of Pension Trust Funds, state law allows the government to invest in obligations of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any agency or instrumentality of either, which are secured by the full faith and credit of such entity. The law also allows for the Government to invest in certificates of deposit of banks, savings and loans, and savings banks both within and outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, provided such amounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or other like insurance, and that deposits in excess of such insurance are collateralized by the depository.

The state also imposes limitations with respect to the amount of investment in certificates of deposit to the extent that such deposits may not exceed 20% of a bank's total capital surplus or 20% of a savings and loan's or savings bank's assets, net of its liabilities. The government may also invest in shares of registered investment companies, provided that investments of the Company are authorized investments, as noted above.

The law provides that the government's Pension Trust Funds may invest in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction if determined by the government to be prudent. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

2. Receivables and payables

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and other activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

At December 31, 2019, all trade receivables were deemed to be fully collectible. The property tax receivable allowance is immaterial and therefore is not included in outstanding property taxes at December 31, 2019.

Property taxes are levied as of March 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are billed March 1 and payable under the following terms: a 2% discount March 1 through April 30; face amount May 1 through July 1; and a 10% penalty after July 1. Any unpaid taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on such property as of January 15 of the following year. The Township employs an elected tax collector to collect the property tax levied. Property taxes collected within sixty days subsequent to December 31, 2019 are recognized as revenue for the year ending December 31, 2019.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - the Franconia Sewer Authority's trade receivables consist of retail sewer line and treatment charges to users. Trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Trade receivables, in excess of 90 days past due, are evaluated for collectability and an allowance is established based on the best available information and in an amount that management deems adequate. Trade receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible and any subsequent recoveries are recorded when received. At December 31, 2019, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts as all overdue balances may be secured by filing a lien on the customer's real property and would be collected before any property transfers.

3. Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental or business activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Prior to January 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are valued prospectively. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as its component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	25-50
Fixtures and equipment	10-25
Vehicles	7-10
Infrastructure	25-50

Discretely Presented Component Unit - the Franconia Sewer Authority's Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and sewer system assets, are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of 3-50 years.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

5. Compensated absences

The Township permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused sick time. These benefits are payable to employees upon separation of service. All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. If bond premiums or discounts exist, they are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of any applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types would recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Any premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Township and its component unit have the following items which qualify for reporting in this category.

- 1. Changes in assumptions are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A difference results when assumptions are changed. This amount is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.
- 2. Differences between expected and actual experience on pension plan liability is reported in the government-wide statement. A difference results when actual economic or demographic factors differ from expected results. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)
- 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued)
 - 3. Deferred charge on refunding is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has the following types of items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- 1. Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A net difference results from the actual earnings in the plan either exceeding or falling short of projected earnings. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- 2. Differences between expected and actual experience on pension plan liability is reported in the government-wide statement. A difference results when actual economic or demographic factors differ from expected results. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- 3. *Changes in assumptions* are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A difference results when assumptions are changed. This amount is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.
- 4. *Unavailable revenue property taxes* is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

8. Net position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

8. Net position (continued)

Net investment in capital assets - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance of this category.

Restricted net position - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - This category represents net position of the entity, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

9. Fund balance

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds consists of the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.

Restricted Fund Balance - includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance - includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Township's highest level of decision-making authority, the Township Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Township taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

9. Fund balance (continued)

Assigned Fund Balance - includes amounts intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Supervisors or by an official or body to which the Board of Supervisors delegates the authority. The Supervisors have not delegated that authority as of December 31, 2019.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This residual classification is used for all negative fund balances in Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds; or any residual amounts in the General Fund.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of a resolution. Assigned fund balance is intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In all cases, encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

10. Subsequent events

The Township has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date of this report, which is the date the statements were available for release. In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) surfaced. The spread of COVID-19 around the world in the first quarter of 2020 has caused significant volatility in U.S. and international markets. There is significant uncertainty around the breadth and duration of business disruptions related to COVID-19, as well as its impact on the U.S. and international economies and, as such, the Township is unable to determine if it will have a material impact to its operations.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all funds of the Township. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Prior to November, the Board approves a preliminary budget for the upcoming fiscal year, reflecting proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. During November, the Township holds budget hearings for the purpose of receiving oral and written comments from interested parties in regard to the proposed budget for the following year. The Township makes available to the public its proposed operating budget for all funds. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The Board holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31 through the passage of an ordinance.

Any budget revisions require the approval of Township Board of Supervisors. The Council authorized the use of unallocated fund balance in 2019. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders) outstanding at year end lapse.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the general government category and debt service category of the general fund by \$39,663 and \$1,727,499 respectively. In the open space fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in the culture and recreation category by \$342,036. These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and beginning fund balance.

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government's policy is to require their banking institution to provide a letter stating that they follow the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 72, where all funds in excess of federal depository insurance limits held by the bank are collateralized in public funds secured on a pooled basis.

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

As of year-end, the carrying amount of non-restricted deposits for the governmental activities was \$7,569,460 and the bank balance was \$7,518,324 Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. Any balances exceeding depository insurance are exposed to custodial credit risk because it is uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name.

At year-end, the carrying amount of deposits for Franconia Sewer Authority, a discreetly presented component unit was \$1,234,327 and the bank balance was \$1,589,178. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by depository insurance. Any balances exceeding depository insurance are exposed to custodial credit risk because it is uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Authority's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The risks of default are eliminated due to the constraints imposed upon allowable investment instruments by the Township's investment policy and through state limitations as discussed in Note I, D, 1.

At year-end balances were as follows:

		Maturities in Years		_	
	Fair Value	< 1 year	1-5 years	<u>5</u>	-10 years
Fiduciary Funds:					
Mutual funds-equities	\$ 5,183,809	\$ 5,183,809	\$ -	\$	-
U.S. Government sponsored enterprises	601,875	601,875	-		-
Corporate bonds and notes	1,121,720	1,121,720	-		-
Certificates of deposits	647,949	70,170	546,309)	31,470
Mutual funds-fixed income	1,554,891	1,554,891			
	\$ 9,110,244	\$ 8,532,465	\$ 546,309	\$	31,470

Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. The Township's policy regarding its fixed income investments generally limits the maximum maturity of a security to ten years. As of December 31, 2019, the Township did not have any investments maturing beyond the ten year period. See above maturities.

Discretely Presented Component Units: Franconia Sewer Authority has adopted an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

Credit Risk. This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits the investment of governmental funds as described in Section 1, Note D. The government does not have a formal investment policy for credit risk. The investments in the external investment pool and the money market funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Discretely Presented Component Units: Franconia Sewer Authority follows state statute as it relates to certain credit ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. There were no investments greater than 5% in any one single issuer that would be considered a concentration of credit risk for the government.

Discretely Presented Component Units: There were no concentrations of credit risk for Franconia Sewer Authority.

Fair Value Measurements. The Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Township has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

	Fair Value	<u>Level 1</u>	Level 2	<u>L</u>	evel 3
Fiduciary Funds:					
Mutual funds-equities	\$ 5,183,809	\$ 5,183,809	\$ -	\$	-
U.S. Government sponsored enterprises	601,875	601,875	-		-
Corporate bonds and notes	1,121,720	1,121,720	-		-
Certificates of deposits	1,554,891	-	1,554,891		-
Mutual funds-fixed income	647,949	647,949			
	\$ 9,110,244	\$ 7,555,353	\$ 1,554,891	\$	-

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. Receivables and due from other governments

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds, non-major funds, fiduciary funds and discreetly presented component unit are as follows:

	<u>General</u>	Open <u>Space</u>	Nonmajor and Other <u>Funds</u>	Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>	Component <u>Unit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$ 607,633	\$ 222,433	\$ 2,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 832,785
Accounts	180,167	-	7,735	-	825,267	1,013,169
Notes receivable	-	-	-	-	94,309	94,309
Other				4,355	7,500	11,855
Total Receivables	\$ 787,800	\$ 222,433	\$ 10,454	\$ 4,355	\$ 927,076	\$1,952,118

Discretely Presented Component Units: The Authority offers property owners in its sewer project areas the opportunity to finance certain costs of the hook-up requirements. The notes range from \$5,125 to \$18,311, bear interest at 6% and are payable over 5 to 20 years. Total notes outstanding were \$ 94,309 as of December 31, 2019.

Aggregate maturities on notes receivable as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

2020	\$ 25,218
2021	8,492
2022	7,978
2023	6,988
2024	7,430
2025-2029	37,594
2030-2031	609
	\$ 94,309

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning		T				Ending
~	<u>Balance</u>		Increases	L	<u>Decreases</u>		<u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 8,660,301	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,660,301
Developmental rights	 5,733,772		108,450		-		5,842,222
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 14,394,073	_	108,450				14,502,523
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements	156,565		-		-		156,565
Building and building improvements	2,313,490		241,484		-		2,554,974
Vehicles	1,508,673		259,275		95,458		1,672,490
Fixtures and equipment	1,417,361		-		48,000		1,369,361
Infrastructure	 2,932,537				-		2,932,537
Total capital assets being depreciated	 8,328,626	_	500,759	_	143,458	_	8,685,927
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements	80,256		9,180		-		89,436
Building and building improvements	915,408		54,826		-		970,234
Vehicles	1,338,557		86,660		95,458		1,329,759
Fixtures and equipment	1,271,622		36,230		48,000		1,259,852
Infrastructure	 591,919	_	70,978				662,897
Total accumulated depreciation	 4,197,762		257,874		143,458		4,312,178
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 4,130,864	_	242,885	_		_	4,373,749
Governmental-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,524,937	\$	351,335	\$	-	\$	18,876,272

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

C. Capital assets (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units - Franconia Sewer Authority capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

Discretely presented component units Franconia Sewer Authority	Beginning Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 652,012 907,276 1,559,288	\$ - 1,080,434 1,080,434	\$ 297,751 552,806 850,557	\$ 354,261 1,434,904 1,789,165
Capital assets, being depreciated: Sewer system infrastructure	39,051,035	552,806	-	39,603,841
Participation rights in other facilities Fixtures and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	1,532,350 180,410 40,763,795	552,806	- - -	1,532,350 180,410 41,316,601
Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated	11,450,804 29,312,991	(329,067)		12,332,677 28,983,924
Component Units capital assets, net	\$ 30,872,279	\$ 751,367	\$ 850,557	\$ 30,773,089

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and the discreetly presented component unit as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administrative	\$ 31,698
Permits & licenses	336
Police and emergency services	86,070
Public works, including depreciation of general infrastructure	
except park systems	119,315
Park & Recreation, including depreciation related to park systems	20,455
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 257,874
Component Unit	¢ 001 072
Sewer	\$ 881,873

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

D. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Due To	Due From
	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund	\$1,256,809	\$ 450
Open Space	13,091	1,001,809
Non-major Governmental		267,641
Total	\$1,269,900	\$ 1,269,900

Interfund balances are primarily the result of certain funds paying the expenses of another fund.

Interfund transfers:

	Tı	ransfer	Transfer		
		<u>In</u>		Out	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	173,000	
Non-major Governmental		173,000			
Total	\$	173,000	\$	173,000	

The interfund transfers are a result of financing capital projects and reimbursement of expenses paid through one fund but budgeted in another.

E. Rentals

The Township leases certain of its real property to various communications companies which use it to house antennae and related property. The leases generally have initial lease terms of five years, with options to renew, and contain various escalation clauses, some of which take effect annually, while others are effective at the option renewal dates.

Rent collected under these leases during 2019 was \$ 23,805.

Aggregate maturities on these leases as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

2020	\$ 26,368
2021	27,376
2022	27,376
2023	27,376
2024	27,376

The Township also rents a 2-unit farm house and farmland. These leases are renewably annually and rents collected were \$ 24,045 in 2019.

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

F. Long-term debt

General Obligation Notes, Series 2019

The Township borrowed \$1,800,000 from Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority, for the purpose of providing funds for and toward redeeming the GO Note Series 2015. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.738%

Guaranteed Revenue Notes of 2007

The Township borrowed \$8,500,000 from Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority, consisting of two Guaranteed Revenue Notes, Series A of 2007, for \$2,609,000 and Series B of 2007 for \$5,891,000 for the purpose of providing funds for and toward redeeming the GO Note Series 2002, purchases of developmental rights and open space, reimburse other funds for open space purchases and cover issuance costs.

The loan agreement allowed interest on the debt to be variable or fixed for certain periods of time. The Township elected fixed rates, as summarized below:

	Series A of 2007		Series B of 2007		
	<u>F</u>	Principal	Rate	Principal	Rate
Six- year fixed, reset June 25, 2013	\$	871,000	2.030%	\$ 1,964,000	2.030%
Nine- year fixed, reset June 25, 2016		871,000	1.605%	1,964,000	1.605%
Twelve- year fixed, reset June 25, 2019				 2,830,000	1.473%
Original borrowing	\$	1,742,000		\$ 6,758,000	

By referendum, the Township's earned income tax was increased one-quarter percent during 2002 for the purpose of funding the acquisition of open space. The earned income tax earmarked for open space is used, in part, to fund the debt service on borrowings made for open space purposes.

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

F. Long-term debt (continued)

General Obligation Note, Tax-Exempt Series of 2015

During 2015, the Township borrowed \$2,163,001 from Univest Bank. The General Obligation Note, Tax-Exempt Series of 2015, was issued for the purpose of refunding the GO Notes Series 2011 and financing capital projects.

The note will carry interest at an annual rate of 2.75% for the first seven years of the 17-year term, following which it will adjust every five years to a rate equal to 67% of the purchaser's then current Prime Rate plus eighty-five basis points, subject to a maximum rate of 7.00% per annum. At December 31, 2019, the note was paid in full.

Note Payable

In 2016, the Township entered into a note payable amounting to \$64,641 with Montgomery County for the purchase of police radios. The note is non-interest bearing and is to be repaid in 5 annual payments of \$12,928. The amount outstanding at December 31, 2019 is \$12,928.

Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series of 2019

The Authority issued \$12,945,000 in sewer revenue notes in 2019, to be used to redeem the Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series and Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Note, 2015 Series.

Principal repayments on the 2019 bonds are due annually on June 25, which commenced June 25, 2020, and are scheduled in varying amounts into the year 2038. Interest rates range from 1.897% and is payable monthly.

Loan 2019

In May of 2019, the Authority secured funding in the amount of \$3.8 million to finance the cost of construction, improvement, and expansion of the sanitary sewer system. The Authority will draw down on the loan as payments are made for the construction. When the project is complete, the loan balance will be amortized over 240 months. The loan initially bears interest at a rate of 1.742% for the first 5 years and 2.178% for years 6 through maturity.

Amounts outstanding at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Interest	
<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental Activities	0.7% to 4.153%	\$ 5,917,928
Component Unit	1% to 3%	\$ 13,927,506

III. <u>Detailed notes on all funds</u> (Continued)

F. Long-term debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						Component Unit							
Year Ending		Bonds an		Notes Not		Notes		Bonds			No	tes		
December 31	P	rincipal		Interest	Pr	Principal		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2020	\$	606,000	\$	95,870	\$	12,928	\$	620,000	\$	245,567	\$	252,124	\$	14,158
2021		617,000		91,654		-		631,000		233,805		292,978		17,344
2022		628,000		81,464		-		643,000		221,835		298,310		9,799
2023		639,000		70,605		-		655,000		209,637		139,094		2,117
2024		651,000		58,990		-		668,000		197,212		-		-
2025-2029		2,313,000		119,398		-		3,529,000		791,258		-		-
2029-2033		451,000		11,844		-		3,872,000		443,783		-		-
2034-2038							_	2,327,000		91,986				
	\$	5,905,000	\$	529,825	\$	12,928	\$	12,945,000	\$	2,435,083	\$	982,506	\$	43,418

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 6,481,334	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 2,376,334	\$ 5,905,000	\$ 606,000
Note payable	25,857	-	12,929	12,928	12,928
Capital leases	-	100,732	26,323	74,409	-
Compensated absences	61,801	16,774	-	78,575	-
Net pension liability	1,709,604	452,578	591,587	1,570,595	
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 8,278,596	\$ 2,370,084	\$ 3,007,173	\$ 7,641,507	\$ 618,928
Component Unit					
Bonds payable	\$ 13,619,049	\$ 12,945,000	\$ 13,619,049	\$ 12,945,000	\$ 620,000
Less deferred amounts					
for discounts and premiums on issuance	(96,516)	-	7,634	(88,882)	-
Note payable	331,260	722,330	71,084	982,506	126,100
	\$ 13,853,793	\$ 13,667,330	\$ 13,697,767	\$ 13,838,624	\$ 746,100

Debt service for general obligation notes is funded primarily from taxes for governmental activities and charges for service in the business type activities. Any liabilities for compensated absences or net pension obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund for governmental activities and the component unit for business-type activities.

III. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

F. Long-term debt (continued)

Capital Leases

The Township leases 2 items under capital leases which expire in 2022.

Year Ending				
December 31	_			
2020	\$	27,298		
2021		27,298	Equipment and vehicles	\$ 100,732
2022		27,298	Accumulated depreciation	 (20,146)
		81,894		\$ 80,586
Less amount reperesenting interest		(7,485)		
	\$	74,409		

IV. Other Information

A. Risk management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Insurance Trust pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$98,070. The pooling agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to its members. At December 31, 2019 there were no additional assessments due or anticipated. Instead the pool declared a dividend of which Franconia Township's share was \$15,190.

The Township is also a member of the Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust (DVWCT), a risk retention pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$117,379. The Trust declared a dividend in 2019 of which the Township's share was \$3,632. As a result of an audit of 2018 payroll, the Township received an additional \$1,546. An audit of the 2019 payroll will be performed in 2020.

The Township is also a member of the Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust (DVWCT), a risk retention pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$480,822. The Trust did not declare a dividend.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, there are various relatively minor claims and suits pending against the Township, none of which materially affect the financial position of the Township.

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description and Membership

The Township sponsors two single employer defined benefit pension plans, the Police Pension Plan and the Non-Uniformed Pension Plan. These plans are reported as a Pension Trust Fund in the accompanying financial statements. The plan does not issue a stand-alone report. The plans are administered by the Township. The most recent valuation was as of January 1, 2019. Details below are from the valuation.

Police Pension Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all full time uniformed police officers of the Township. An employee enters the plan on the date of hire.

Non-Uniformed Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all full-time permanent, non-uniformed employees of the Township who join the plan on the first day of the month coincident with or following the completion of one year of service and attainment of age 21.

Effective January 1, 2019, the Non-Uniform Pension Plan is closed to new entrants. The Township has established a defined contribution plan for Non-Uniformed employees.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Plan Description and Membership

The Pension Plans are governed by the Board of Supervisors who has established Pension Committees to serve as administrators and trustees of the pension fund. Management of the plan is vested in the Pension Board, which consists of five members appointed by resolution of the Township Board of Supervisors. The Pension Board is responsible for advising, reviewing, monitoring and making recommendations to the Board of Supervisors as to the administrative, operation and investment of the plan. The Township Board of Supervisors has delegated the authority to manage certain plan assets to Girard Pension Services.

The following table provides information concerning types of covered employees for the Townships' Plans as of December 31, 2019:

	<u>Police</u>	Non-Uniformed
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries) currently receiving benefits	6	13
Inactive employees entitled to benefits		
but not yet receiving them	1	8
Active employees	<u>10</u>	<u>16</u>
	<u>17</u>	<u>37</u>

Benefits Provided

Police Pension Plan: The plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits under Pennsylvania Act 600. All benefits vest after 12 years of credited service. Officers are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 50% of their final average monthly compensation. Final average monthly compensation is the employee's average compensation over the last 36 months of employment. Married officers will receive joint and 50% survivor annuity. Normal retirement is age 52 with at least 25 years of service. Officers may also receive a service increment equal to \$100 per month for each year of service in excess of 25 years up to a maximum of \$500 per month.

If a member dies in service, a benefit will be paid per Act 30 equal to 100% of salary. Covered employees are required to contribute 3% of their regular compensation and 5% of overtime compensation to the plan. The Township is required by statute, principally Pennsylvania Act 205, to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Pennsylvania law and may be amended only as allowed by Pennsylvania law.

The benefit provisions of the Township's Police Pension Plan are established by Township ordinances.

A Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP") is available to the Township's police officers who have fulfilled the age and service requirements of the Police Pension Plan as described in the above paragraph. Under the DROP program a participant may elect to defer receipt of normal retirement benefits while continuing employment with the Township for a period of not more than 36 months. The monthly pension shall be calculated as of the date of participation in the program and shall be distributed in a lump sum at retirement.

Non-Uniformed Pension Plan: The Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death benefits. All benefits vest at 10% per year, graded up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Employees who retire at or after age 65 are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly, 1% of the average monthly compensation over the participant's last 5 highest consecutive years of service out of the last ten years of service. Married employees will receive joint and 50% survivor annuity. Early retirement benefits equal the vested accrued benefit and begin at age 55. The early retirement pension shall be the actuarial equivalent of a partial superannuation retirement benefit. In 2019, the benefit formula was changed from 1% of average monthly compensation for all years of service prior to 1/1/14 plus 1.5% of average monthly compensation for all years of service on or after 1/1/14.

The benefit provisions of the Township's plan are established by Township ordinances.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of Accounting: Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and member contributions are recognized as when due pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan. Other expenses are recognized when the corresponding liabilities are incurred.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The net appreciation/(depreciation) in fair value of investments is recorded as an increase/(decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments. The entire expense of plan administration is charged against the earnings of the plan. Investment earnings are reduced for investment management fees, portfolio evaluation, custodial services, and actuarial services, as required by State statutes.

Method Used to Value Investments: Pension Plan investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market values. Securities that are traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Employees of the Police Pension Plan and Non-Uniformed are required to make contributions, 5% of salary and 0% of salary, respectively. Contributions are determined on an annual basis. Administrative costs and investment costs of the plan are financed through an addition to the Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution.

The Pension Plan funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentage of payroll employer contribution rates is determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method as required by Pennsylvania Act 205. The Pension Plan also uses a method defined by Act 205 to amortize the unfunded liability over a defined period.

The Township's annual required contribution is equal to its minimum municipal obligation ("MMO") as calculated in accordance with Pennsylvania law (Act 205 of 1984) less state aid and employee contributions deposited in the pension fund during the year. State law requires that state aid be used first to fund the plan, then employee contributions and finally general Township funds. The Township received state aid, which is recognized as revenue and expenses, in the amount of \$184,338 for the pensions for the year ended December 31, 2019.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Investments

Investment Policy: The Pension Board, with the assistance of Girard Pension Services, shall select the appropriate asset weighting percentage to be allocated to each specific asset class. Each asset class shall consist of a combination of investment options that have been made available to obtain the absolute investment objective of the fund. Investments shall be diversified with the intent to minimize the risk of large investment losses. Consequently, the total portfolio will be constructed and maintained to provide prudent diversification with regard to the concentration of holdings in investment funds specializing in individual issues, issuers, countries, governments or industries.

Rate of Return: For the year ended December 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense was 15.67% and 15.55% for Uniform and Non-Uniformed Plan, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of participating entities at December 31, 2019 were as follows:

	<u>Police</u>	Non-Uniformed			
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 7,877,696 (7,014,991)	\$	2,997,150 (2,289,260)		
Net pension liability	\$ 862,705	\$	707,890		
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	89%		76%		

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>Police</u>	Non-Uniformed	
Inflation	3.0%	3.0%	
Salary increases	4.0%	4.0%	(including inflation)
Investment rate of return	7.0%	7.0%	(net of pension plan investment
			expense, including inflation)
Cost-of -living	3.0%	None	

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2018.

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the liabilities from an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. The asset valuation was changed from assets smoothing to market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Equity	55%	7.20%-10.75%
Fixed Income	45%	2.505-4.70%
Cash	0%	1.70%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

	Increase (Decrease)						
	To	tal Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	Net Pension		
		<u>Liability</u>	N	et Position		<u>Liability</u>	
Police Pension Plan							
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	7,409,774	\$	5,944,452	\$	1,465,322	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		140,190		-		140,190	
Interest		523,531		-		523,531	
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		53,901		-		53,901	
Change of assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - employer		-		344,245		(344,245)	
Contributions - employee		-		59,419		(59,419)	
Net investment income		-		920,275		(920,275)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(249,700)		(249,700)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(3,700)		3,700	
Other changes		-		-			
Net Changes		467,922		1,070,539		(602,617)	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	7,877,696	\$	7,014,991	\$	862,705	
	Т.			ase (Decrease		Net Pension	
	T	otal Pension	Pl	an Fiduciary]	Net Pension	
		<u>Liability</u>	<u>N</u>	let Position		<u>Liability</u>	
Non-Uniformed Pension Plan							
Balance at December 31, 2018 Changes for the year:	\$	2,197,071	\$				
Service cost		2,177,071	Ф	1,952,789	\$	244,282	
501,100,0050		88,363	Ф	1,952,789	\$	244,282 88,363	
Interest			Þ	1,952,789	\$		
		88,363	Þ	1,952,789 - - -	\$	88,363	
Interest		88,363 198,125	Þ	1,952,789 - - -	\$	88,363 198,125	
Interest Change of benefit terms		88,363 198,125 327,127	J	1,952,789 - - - -	\$	88,363 198,125 327,127	
Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462	J	1,952,789 101,846	\$	88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672	
Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672	Þ	- - - -	\$	88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672	
Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672	Þ	- - - -	\$	88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672 (101,846)	
Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672	9	- - - - - 101,846		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672 (101,846)	
Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672	J	- - - - 101,846 - 300,795		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672 (101,846)	
Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672 - - (62,670)	J	- - - 101,846 - 300,795 (62,670)		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672 (101,846)	
Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	_	88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672 - - (62,670)	J	- - - 101,846 - 300,795 (62,670) (3,500)		88,363 198,125 327,127 143,462 105,672 (101,846) - (300,795)	

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of participating entities calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	% Current			1%
	Decrease <u>(6.0%)</u>	Discount Rate (7.0%)			Increase (8.0%)
Net pension liability					
Police	\$ 1,840,635	\$	862,705	\$	42,938
Non-Uniformed	1,061,018		707,890		406,365

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources: For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township recognized pension expense of \$141,497 for the Police Pension Plan and \$474,944 for the Non-Uniformed Pension. At December 31, 2019, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows Resources
Police Pension			
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions	\$ 44,461 25,018	\$	192,181
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	 -		76,405
Total	\$ 69,479	\$	268,586
Non-Uniformed Pension			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	118,941
Change in assumptions	126,048		21,640
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	 		23,568
Total	\$ 126,048	\$	164,149

IV. Other Information (Continued)

C. Employee retirement systems and pension plans (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended							
December 31:	 Police	Non-Uniformed					
2020	\$ (133,148)	\$	(32,924)				
2021	(36,167)		(30,530)				
2022	55,051		(23,038)				
2023	(91,544)		5,832				
2024	6,701		41,315				
Thereafter	 		1,244				
Total	\$ (199,107)	\$	(38,101)				

Deferred Retirement Option Program

As of December 31, 2019, there were no eligible plan members participating in the DROP program. The member is considered retired for pension purposes and the monthly benefit is being credited to a separate ledger account, which had no eligible participants at December 31, 2019. Upon a participant's termination of employment, the participant's accumulated balance will be paid in a manner as prescribed by the plandocument.

D. Escrow cash deposits and investments

The Township acts in a custodial capacity with respect to monies deposited with it by developers and others. These monies are held by the Township and used to pay legal, engineering, and other fees incurred on behalf of a specific project. Any unused deposits are returned to the developer upon completion of the project, except for an administrative handling fee. None of the monies received from or expended on behalf of the developers are recorded in the revenues or expenses of the Township. At December 31, 2019, \$ 1,252,743 represents the balance of these monies held in escrow.

Discretely Presented Component Units: The Authority acts in a custodial capacity with respect to monies deposited with it by developers and others. These monies are held by the Authority and used to pay legal, engineering, and other fees incurred on behalf of a specific project. Any unused deposits are returned to the developer upon completion of the project, except for an administrative handling fee. None of the monies received from or expended on behalf of the developers are recorded in the revenues or expenses of the Authority. At December 31, 2019, the balance of these monies held in escrow was \$3,484.

IV. Other Information (Continued)

E. Transactions with component unit

The Franconia Township Sewer Authority lease employees from the Township as well as rents space and uses the Township administrative services. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority paid the Township \$452,401 for the aforementioned support.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - POLICE PENSION PLAN

		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	140,190	\$	99,373	\$	95,551			\$	148,888
Interest		523,531		498,099		478,346	487,588	456,208		401,584
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	-	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		53,901		-		(541,532)	-	(118,020)		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	-	94,898		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(249,700)	_	(408,048)	_	(183,007)				(215,243)
Net change in total pension liability		467,922		189,424		(150,642)		419,299		335,229
Total pension liability - beginning	_	7,409,774	_	7,220,350	_	7,370,992	6,891,471	6,472,172	_	6,136,943
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	7,877,696	\$	7,409,774	\$	7,220,350	\$ 7,370,992	\$ 6,891,471	\$	6,472,172
Dien Educiory not negition										
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$	344,245	¢	329,043	•	327,086	\$ 274,048	\$ 308,256	¢	433,998
Contributions - employee Contributions - employee	Ф	59,419	ф	51,846	Ф	46,293	47,470	49,944	Ф	40,035
Net investment income		920,275		(300,522)		652,751	363,362	(72,603)		209,555
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(249,700)		(408,048)		(183,007)		` ' '		(215,243)
Administrative expense		(3,700)		(3,500)		(3,5007)	` ' '	` ' '		(3,700)
Other		(3,700)		(3,300)		(3,300)	(3,300)	(4,200)		(3,700)
	_		_		-				_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,070,539		(331,181)		839,623	517,102	117,407		464,645
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,944,452	_	6,275,633		5,436,010	4,918,908	4,801,501		4,336,856
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	7,014,991	\$	5,944,452	\$	6,275,633	\$ 5,436,010	\$ 4,918,908	\$	4,801,501
		0 40 =0 5			•					=0 .=1
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	862,705	\$	1,465,322	\$	944,717	\$1,934,982	\$ 1,972,563	\$	1,670,671
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability		89.0%		80.2%		86.9%	73.7%	71.4%		74.2%
Covered payroll	\$	1,063,347	\$	910,069	\$	888,184	\$ 969,700	\$ 1,427,390	\$	1,393,628
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		81.1%		161.0%		106.4%	199.5%	138.2%		119.9%
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses		15.67%		-4.91%		12.16%	7.47%	0.87%		5.57%

Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2017

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability												
Service cost	\$	88,363	\$	61,684	\$	59,312	\$	52,653	\$	50,628	\$	56,862
Interest		198,125		145,784		136,132		160,621		150,224		124,341
Changes of benefit terms		327,127		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		143,462		-		(471,142)		-		(5,809)		-
Changes of assumptions		105,672		-		(43,066)		-		117,860		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(62,670)	_	(62,670)	_	(57,214)	_	(53,908)	_	(54,806)	_	(52,973)
Net change in total pension liability		800,079		144,798		(375,978)		159,366		258,097		128,230
Total pension liability - beginning		2,197,071		2,052,273		2,428,251		2,268,885		2,010,788		1,882,558
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,997,150	\$	2,197,071	\$	2,052,273	\$	2,428,251	\$	2,268,885	\$	2,010,788
Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	\$	101,846	\$	117,600	\$	117,237	\$	100,856	\$	109,504	\$	113,577
Contributions - employee	Ψ	101,040	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	100,050	Ψ	107,504	Ψ	-
Net investment income		300,795		(101,212)		207,032		121,886		(26,283)		65,805
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(62,670)		(62,670)		(57,214)		(53,908)		(54,806)		(52,973)
Administrative expense		(3,500)		(3,500)		(3,500)		(3,500)		(3,850)		(4,300)
Other		(3,500)		(3,500)		(3,500)		-		(3,030)		-
	_		_	(40.792)	_		_		_		_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		336,471		(49,782)		263,555		165,334		24,565		122,109
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	1,952,789	_	2,002,571	_	1,739,016	_	1,573,682		1,549,117		1,427,008
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,289,260	\$	1,952,789	\$	2,002,571	\$	1,739,016	\$	1,573,682	\$	1,549,117
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	707,890	\$	244,282	\$	49,702	\$	689,235	\$	695,203	\$	461,671
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.4%		88.9%		97.6%		71.6%		69.4%		77.0%
Covered payroll	\$	1,251,505	\$	1,157,455	\$	1,149,350	\$	1,149,770	\$	1,313,266	\$	1,186,612
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		56.6%		21.1%		4.3%		59.9%		52.9%		38.9%
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses		15.55%		-5.10%		12.04%		7.84%		-1.72%		5.35%

Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms: In 2019, the benefit formula was changed from 1% of average monthly compensation for all year of service to 1% of average monthly compensation for all years of service prior to 1/1/14 plus 1.5% of average monthly compensation for all years of service on or after 1/1/14.

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION PLAN

							Contribution as
Fiscal	Actuarially	Actual		Contribution			a Percentage
Year Ended	Determined	Employer	Deficiency			Covered	of Covered
December 31,	Contribution	Contribution		(Excess)		Payroll Payroll	<u>Payroll</u>
2014	\$ 433,998	\$ 433,998	\$	-	\$	1,393,628	31.14%
2015	308,256	308,256		-		1,427,390	21.60%
2016	274,048	274,048		-		969,700	28.26%
2017	327,086	327,086		-		888,184	36.83%
2018	329,043	329,043		-		910,069	36.16%
2019	344,245	344,245		-		1,063,347	32.37%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date 1/1/2017

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar Closed

Remaining amortization period 6 years
Asset valuation method Market
Inflation 3%
Projected salary increases 4%

Investment rate of return 7%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age 52

Mortality Based on the RP-2000 IRS PPA@2013 Non-Annuitant/Annuitant Tables for Males and

Females Mortality Table

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2017

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
2014	\$ 113,577	\$ 113,577	\$	-	\$ 1,186,612	9.57%
2015	109,504	109,504		-	1,313,266	8.34%
2016	100,856	100,856		-	1,149,770	8.77%
2017	117,237	117,237		-	1,149,350	10.20%
2018	117,600	117,600		-	1,157,455	10.16%
2019	101,846	101,846		-	1,251,505	8.14%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date 1/1/2017

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar Closed

Remaining amortization period 6 years
Asset valuation method Market
Inflation 3%
Projected salary increases 4%

Investment rate of return 7%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age 65

Mortality Based on the RP-2000 IRS PPA@2013 Non-Annuitant/Annuitant Tables for Males and

Females Mortality Table

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

					Ş	Special Rev	enue	Funds				
	Street Light & Fire Hydrant			Fire Tax	In	npact Fees	Library		Park and Recreation			pen Space
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Current Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,662	\$	4,063	\$	669,970	\$	1,070	\$	44,491	\$	390,293
Receivables		250		772		7,735		1,697		-		-
Due from other funds		-			_							12,641
Total Assets	\$	3,912	\$	4,835	\$	677,705	\$	2,767	\$	44,491	\$	402,934
<u>LIABILITIES</u>												
Current Liabilities												
Accounts payable and accrued wages	\$	1,866	\$	-	\$	680	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities		1,866	-			680		-		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		112		476				1,047				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		112		476				1,047				
FUND BALANCES:												
Restricted for:												
Highway and streets		-		-		677,025		-		-		-
Fire		-		4,359		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		1,720		-		-
Open space		-		-		-		-		-		402,934
Recycling		-		-		-		-		-		-
Park and recreation		-		-		-		-		44,491		-
Assigned for:												
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		1,934										
Total Fund Balances		1,934		4,359	_	677,025		1,720		44,491	_	402,934
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	3,912	\$	4,835	\$	677,705	\$	2,767	\$	44,491	\$	402,934

Special Revenue Funds				_		Capi	tal Projects Funds	T-4-1 N			
Н	lighway Aid Rec		Tree Recycle Planting		Total			Capital Reserve		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
\$	694,106 - -	\$	92,603	\$	74,835 - -	\$	1,975,093 10,454 12,641	\$	400,948 - 255,000	\$	2,376,041 10,454 267,641
\$	694,106	\$	92,603	\$	74,835	\$	1,998,188	\$	655,948	\$	2,654,136
\$	2,656 2,656	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,202 5,202	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,202 5,202
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	1,635 1,635		<u>-</u>		1,635 1,635
	691,450 - - -		- - - - 92,603		- - - 74,835		1,368,475 4,359 1,720 477,769		- - -		1,368,475 4,359 1,720 477,769 92,603
	-		92,003		-		92,603 44,491		-		44,491
	- - 691,450		92,603		74,835		1,934 1,991,351		655,948		655,948 1,934 2,647,299
\$	694,106	\$	92,603	\$	74,835	\$	1,998,188	\$	655,948	\$	2,654,136

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

						Special I	Reve	enue Funds				
	Street Light & Fire Hydrant		Fire Tax		Impact Fees			Library	Park and Recreation		Open Space Maintenance	
Revenues												
Property taxes	\$	24,350	\$	123,591	\$	-	\$	271,895	\$	-	\$	-
Earned income tax		-		-		-		-		-		276,507
Investment income and rent		205		1,653		10,364		2,219		341		4,827
Intergovernmental revenues		-		94,711		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		360,131		-		44,150		-
Total Revenues		24,555	_	219,955		370,495		274,114		44,491		281,334
Expenditures												
Current												
General government		-		-		-		-		_		3,244
Public safety		24,116		218,711		-		-		_		-
Highways and roads		21,235		-		70,639		-		_		-
Library		-		-		-		274,194		_		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		_		7,040
Debt service												
Principal		-		-		-		-		_		-
Total Expenditures		45,351	_	218,711		70,639		274,194		-		10,284
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures		(20,796)		1,244		299,856		(80)		44,491		271,050
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Debt issued		_		-		_		-		_		_
Transfers in		23,000		-		-		-		_		-
Total Other Financing						,						
Sources (Uses)		23,000			_		_					
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,204		1,244		299,856		(80)		44,491		271,050
Fund Balance - Beginning		(270)		3,115		377,169		1,800				131,884
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,934	\$	4,359	\$	677,025	\$	1,720	\$	44,491	\$	402,934

Special Revenue Funds								tal Projects Funds		
	Highway Aid			Tree ycle Planting			Total		Capital Reserve	al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	419,836	\$	-	\$ 419,836
	-		-		-		276,507		-	276,507
	17,856		1,912		729		40,106		5,331	45,437
	457,256		28,584		-		580,551		-	580,551
			-		72,000		476,281			 476,281
	475,112		30,496		72,729		1,793,281	-	5,331	 1,798,612
	_		17,127		_		20,371		17,251	37,622
	_		-		_		242,827		100,732	343,559
	460,547		_		_		552,421		12,116	564,537
	-		_		_		274,194		-	274,194
	-		5,574		-		12,614		39,345	51,959
							<u>-</u>	-	40,226	 40,226
	460,547		22,701				1,102,427		209,670	 1,312,097
	14,565		7,795		72,729	_	690,854		(204,339)	 486,515
			-		-		-		100,732	100,732
					-		23,000		150,000	 173,000
	-						23,000		250,732	 273,732
	14,565		7,795		72,729		713,854		46,393	760,247
	676,885		84,808		2,106		1,277,497		609,555	1,887,052
\$	691,450	\$	92,603	\$	74,835	\$	1,991,351	\$	655,948	\$ 2,647,299

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds										
		Police		Municipal							
		Pension		Pension		Total					
ASSETS											
Current Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	142,580	\$	47,072	\$	189,652					
Investments, at fair value											
Mutual funds-equities		3,900,684		1,283,125		5,183,809					
U.S. Government sponsored enterprises		474,283		127,592		601,875					
Corporate bonds and notes		902,289		219,431		1,121,720					
Certificates of deposits		480,087		167,862		647,949					
Mutual funds-fixed income		1,110,713		444,178		1,554,891					
Receivable		4,355				4,355					
Total Current Assets		7,014,991		2,289,260		9,304,251					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,014,991	\$	2,289,260	\$	9,304,251					
NET POSITION											
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	7,014,991	\$	2,289,260	\$	9,304,251					

TOWNSHIP OF FRANCONIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds									
		Police	N	Municipal						
		Pension		Pension		Total				
Additions										
Contributions										
Member contributions	\$	59,419	\$	-	\$	59,419				
Municipal contributions		241,834		19,918		261,752				
State contributions		102,410		81,928	-	184,338				
Total Contributions		403,663		101,846		505,509				
Investment Income										
Net appreciation (depreciation) in										
fair value of investments		761,489		246,167		1,007,656				
Interest and dividends		190,873		65,171		256,044				
Total Investment Income		952,362		311,338		1,263,700				
Less: investment expense		(32,086)		(10,543)		(42,629)				
Net Investment Income		920,276		300,795		1,221,071				
Total Additions		1,323,939		402,641		1,726,580				
Deductions										
Administrative expense		3,500		3,500		7,000				
Benefits		249,900		62,670		312,570				
Total Deductions		253,400		66,170		319,570				
Net Increase		1,070,539		336,471		1,407,010				
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits:										
Beginning of Year		5,944,452		1,952,789		7,897,241				
End of Year	\$	7,014,991	\$	2,289,260	\$	9,304,251				